



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## SENIOR CERTIFICATE/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

**GRADE 12**

**PHYSICAL SCIENCES: CHEMISTRY (P2)**

**SEPTEMBER EXAMINATION 2021**

**MARKS: 150**

**TIME: 3 hours**

**This question paper consists of 16 pages and 4 data sheets.**



**INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION**

1. Write your centre number and examination number in the appropriate spaces on the ANSWER BOOK.
2. This question paper consists of TEN questions. Answer ALL the questions in the ANSWER BOOK.
3. Start EACH question on a NEW page in the ANSWER BOOK.
4. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
5. Leave ONE line between two subquestions, e.g. between QUESTION 2.1 and QUESTION 2.2.
6. You may use a non-programmable calculator.
7. You may use appropriate mathematical instruments.
8. Show ALL formulae and substitutions in ALL calculations.
9. Round off your FINAL numerical answers to a minimum of TWO decimal places.
10. Give brief motivations, discussions, etc. where required.
11. You are advised to use the attached DATA SHEETS.
12. Write neatly and legibly.



**QUESTION 1: MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS**

Four options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (1.1 to 1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK, e.g. 1.11 E.

1.1 Which ONE of the following is an ALKANE?

A  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8$

B  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}$

C  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}$

D  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}$

(2)

1.2 Esters are formed by a reaction between two organic compounds, **X** and **Y**, each with a different functional group.

The functional groups of these compounds are:

	Compound X	Compound Y
A	Hydroxyl group	Carboxyl group
B	Hydroxyl group	Carbonyl group
C	Hydroxide ion	Carboxyl group
D	Hydroxide ion	Carbonyl group

(2)

1.3 When butane is subjected to high temperatures and pressures, the following reaction takes place:



Which ONE of the following represents **Y**?

A  $\text{CHCCH}_3$

B  $\text{CH}_2\text{CHCH}_3$

C  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$

D  $\text{CH}_3\text{CHCHCH}_3$

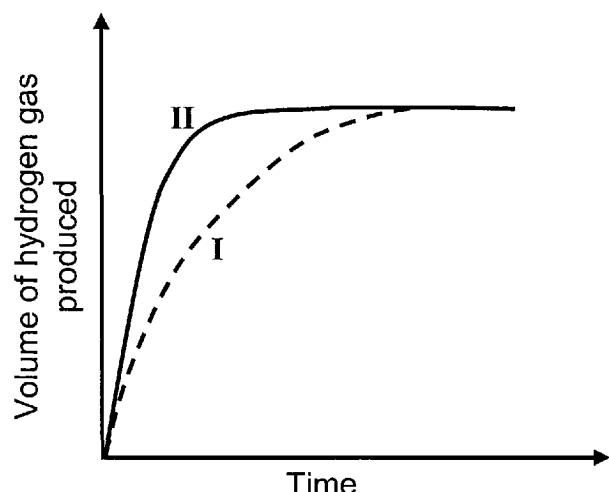
(2)



1.4 A hydrochloric acid solution,  $\text{HCl}(\text{aq})$ , of concentration  $1 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{dm}^{-3}$  is added to EXCESS POWDERED magnesium at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Curve I below represents the volume of hydrogen gas produced during the reaction.

Curve II was obtained at different conditions using the SAME VOLUME of hydrochloric acid solution.



Which ONE of the following represents the conditions used to obtain curve II?

	STATE OF DIVISION OF Mg	CONCENTRATION OF ACID ( $\text{mol}\cdot\text{dm}^{-3}$ )	TEMPERATURE ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )
A	Ribbon	0,5	25
B	Ribbon	2	25
C	Powder	1	20
D	Powder	1	30

(2)

1.5 In which ONE of the following reactions at equilibrium will the YIELD of the product increase when the VOLUME of the container is increased at constant temperature?

A  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NO}_2(\text{g})$   
 B  $\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{I}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{HI}(\text{g})$   
 C  $\text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$   
 D  $2\text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{SO}_3(\text{g})$

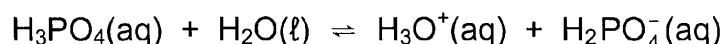
(2)

1.6 Which ONE of the following statements is TRUE for an EXOTHERMIC reaction?

- A More energy is absorbed than released.
- B More energy is released than absorbed.
- C Heat of reaction ( $\Delta H$ ) is positive.
- D Energy of the products is greater than the energy of the reactants.

(2)

1.7 Consider the equation below.



Which ONE of the following is a conjugate acid-base pair?

- A  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq})$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$
- B  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq})$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell)$
- C  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq})$  and  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq})$
- D  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq})$  and  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^-(\text{aq})$

(2)

1.8 Consider the balanced equation for the reaction below:



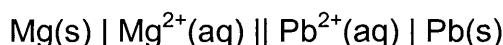
The OXIDISING AGENT is:

- A  $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{aq})$
- B  $\text{Cr}^{3+}(\text{aq})$
- C  $\text{Sn}^{2+}(\text{aq})$
- D  $\text{Sn}^{4+}(\text{aq})$

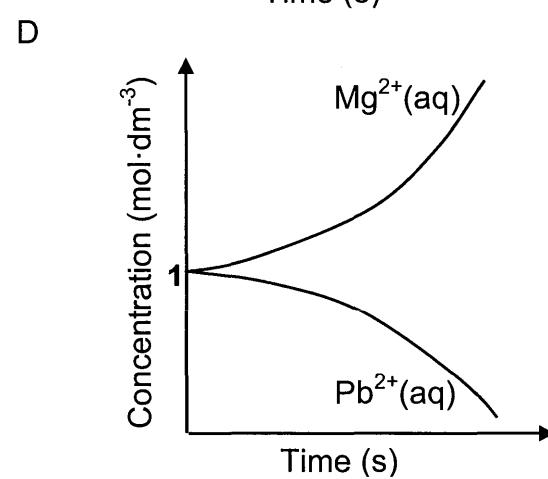
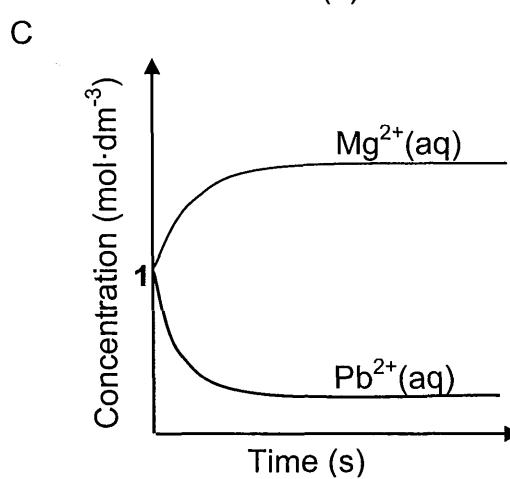
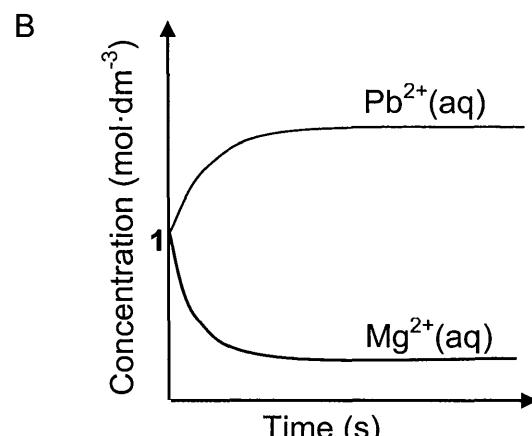
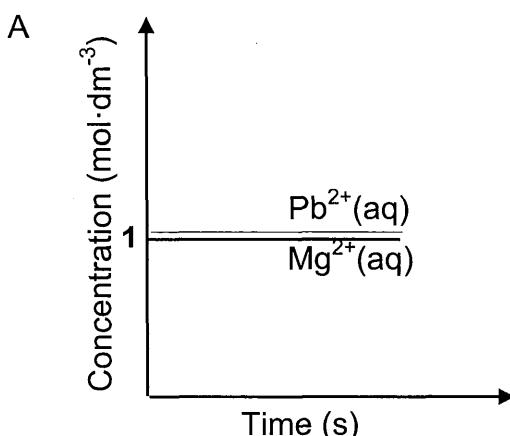
(2)



1.9 An electrochemical cell is set up at standard conditions. The cell notation for the cell is given below.



The cell is now connected in a circuit. Which ONE of the graphs below BEST represents the concentrations of the electrolytes after a long time?



(2)

1.10 Two 50 kg bags, containing fertilisers **R** and **S** respectively, are labelled as follows:

Fertiliser **R**: 3 : 1 : 5 (20)

Fertiliser **S**: 1 : 2 : 6 (20)

Identify the fertiliser(s) most suitable for healthy leaf growth and healthy root growth.

	LEAF GROWTH	ROOT GROWTH
<b>A</b>	R	R
<b>B</b>	S	R
<b>C</b>	R	S
<b>D</b>	S	S

(2)  
[20]

**QUESTION 2 (Start on a new page.)**

The letters **A** to **E** in the table below represent five organic compounds.

<b>A</b>	$  \begin{array}{c}  \text{H} & \text{Br} & \text{CH}_3 & \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \\    &   &   &   \\  \text{H} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{H} \\    &   &   &   \\  \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{CH}_3 & \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3  \end{array}  $	<b>B</b>	$\text{C}_x\text{H}_y$
<b>C</b>	$  \begin{array}{c}  \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{O} & \text{H} \\    &   &   & \parallel &   \\  \text{H} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{H} \\    &   &   &   \\  \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H}  \end{array}  $	<b>D</b>	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$
<b>E</b>	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CHCH}_2$		

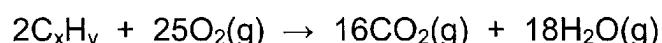
2.1 Write down the LETTER that represents EACH of the following:

2.1.1 A ketone (1)  
 2.1.2 A hydrocarbon (1)  
 2.1.3 An alkene (1)

2.2 Write down the:

2.2.1 IUPAC name of compound **A** (3)  
 2.2.2 STRUCTURAL FORMULA of compound **D** (2)  
 2.2.3 IUPAC name of the STRAIGHT CHAIN FUNCTIONAL ISOMER of compound **C** (2)

2.3 Compound **B** is a straight chain compound that undergoes the following exothermic reaction:



2.3.1 Besides being exothermic, what type of reaction is represented above? (1)  
 2.3.2 Determine the MOLECULAR FORMULA of compound **B**. (2)

The reaction above takes place in a closed container at a constant temperature higher than 100 °C and at constant pressure.

2.3.3 Calculate the TOTAL VOLUME of gas formed in the container when 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of  $\text{C}_x\text{H}_y$  reacts completely with oxygen. (3)  
**[16]**

Compounds **A**, **B** and **C** are used to investigate a factor which influences the boiling points of organic compounds. The results of the investigation are given in the table below.

COMPOUND		BOILING POINT (°C)
<b>A</b>	Butan-1-ol	117
<b>B</b>	Butan-2-ol	100
<b>C</b>	2-methylpropan-2-ol	82

3.1 Is this a fair investigation? Choose from YES or NO. (1)

3.2 Give a reason for the answer to QUESTION 3.1. (1)

3.3 Fully explain the difference in the boiling points of compounds **B** and **C**. (3)

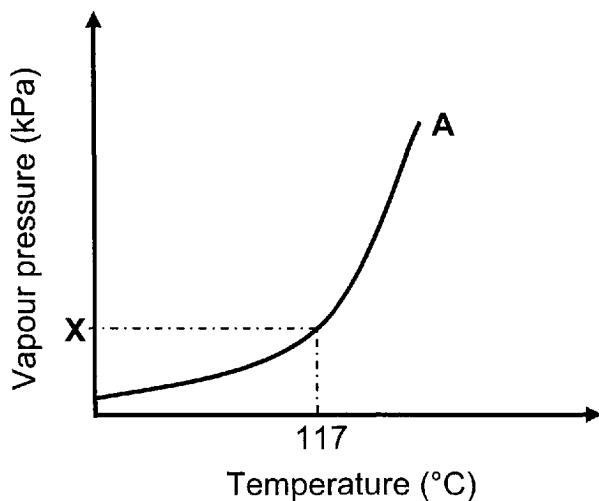
3.4 Define the term *positional isomer*. (2)

3.5 From compounds **A**, **B** and **C**, choose the letter(s) that represent(s) EACH of the following:

3.5.1 Positional isomers (1)

3.5.2 A tertiary alcohol  
Give a reason for the answer. (2)

3.6 The graph below represents the relationship between vapour pressure and temperature for compound **A** (butan-1-ol).



3.6.1 Write down the value of X. (1)

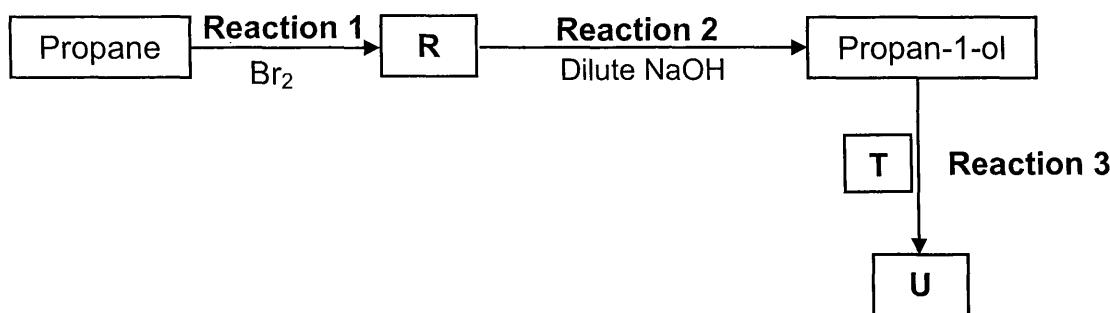
3.6.2 Redraw the graph above in the ANSWER BOOK. On the same set of axes, sketch the curve that will be obtained for compound **C**. Clearly label the curves **A** and **C**. Indicate the relevant boiling point for compound **C** on the graph. (2)

[13]

**QUESTION 4 (Start on a new page.)**

4.1 The flow diagram below shows various organic reactions using propane as starting reactant. **R**, **T** and **U** represent different organic compounds.

Compound **T** is a CARBOXYLIC ACID and compound **U** is a FUNCTIONAL ISOMER of pentanoic acid.



Write down the NAME of the type of reaction represented by:

4.1.1 Reaction 1 (1)

4.1.2 Reaction 2 (1)

Consider **reaction 1** and **reaction 2**.

4.1.3 Write down the IUPAC name of compound **R**. (2)

**Reaction 3** takes place in the presence of a catalyst and heat.

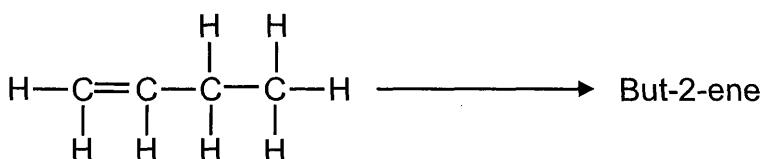
Write down the:

4.1.4 NAME or FORMULA of the catalyst (1)

4.1.5 IUPAC name of compound **T** (2)

4.1.6 STRUCTURAL FORMULA of compound **U** (2)

4.2 A laboratory technician wants to prepare but-2-ene using but-1-ene as starting reagent, as shown below.



The following chemicals are available in the laboratory:

concentrated $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$	concentrated $\text{NaOH}$
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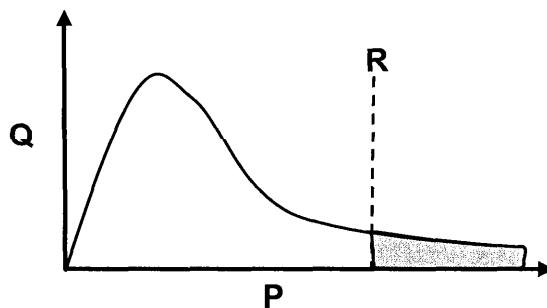
Select the chemicals required to design this preparation from the list above.

For EACH step of the preparation, write down the balanced equation, using STRUCTURAL FORMULAE for all organic compounds. Indicate the chemicals needed in each step.

(6)  
[15]

**QUESTION 5 (Start on a new page.)**

5.1 Study the Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution curve for a certain reaction below.



P and Q are the labels of the axes. What quantity is represented by:

5.1.1 P (1)

5.1.2 Q (1)

5.2 Line R represents the minimum energy required for the reaction to take place.

5.2.1 Write down the term for the underlined phrase. (1)

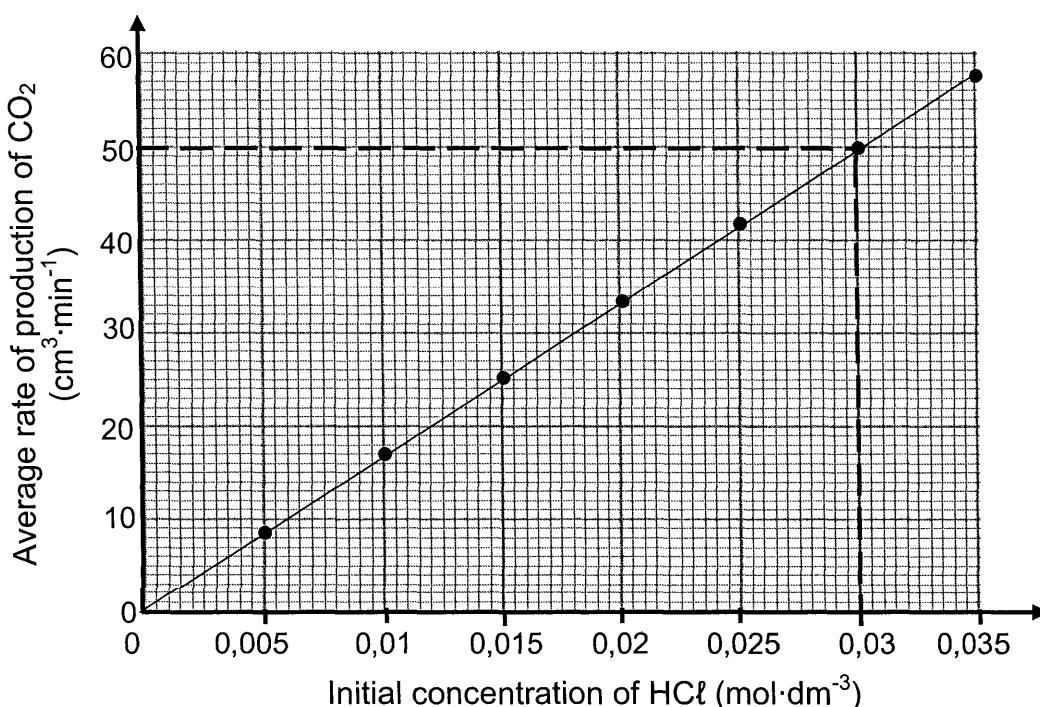
5.2.2 How will the shaded area on the graph be affected when a catalyst is added? Choose from INCREASE, DECREASE or REMAINS THE SAME. (1)

5.3 Use the collision theory to explain how a catalyst influences the rate of reaction. (4)

5.4 The reaction between POWDERED calcium carbonate,  $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s})$ , and EXCESS hydrochloric acid,  $\text{HCl}(\text{aq})$ , is used to investigate reaction rate at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ . The balanced equation for the reaction is:



Several experiments are conducted using the same mass of IMPURE calcium carbonate and different initial concentrations of dilute hydrochloric acid. The graph below represents the results obtained. Assume that the impurities do not react.



For this investigation, write down a:

5.4.1 Controlled variable (1)

5.4.2 Conclusion (2)

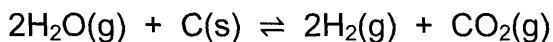
The  $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s})$  in 6 g of the impure sample reacts completely with  $0,03 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{dm}^{-3} \text{ HCl}(\text{aq})$  in 26 minutes.

5.4.3 Use the information in the graph to calculate the percentage purity of the calcium carbonate. Assume that the molar gas volume at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  is  $24\ 000 \text{ cm}^3$ . (6)

[17]

**QUESTION 6 (Start on a new page.)**

Steam,  $\text{H}_2\text{O(g)}$ , reacts with hot carbon,  $\text{C(s)}$ , at  $1\ 000\ ^\circ\text{C}$  according to the following balanced equation:

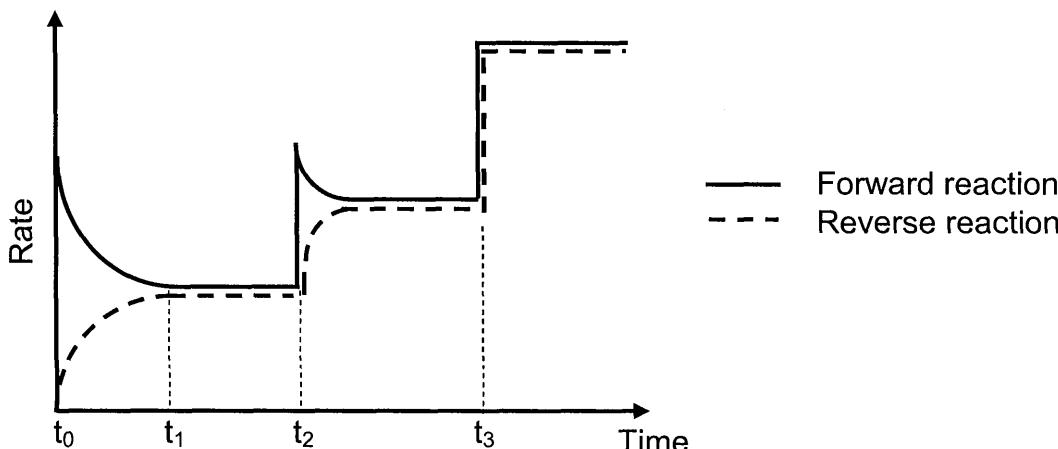


Initially, 36 g of steam and a certain amount of carbon were placed in a  $2\ \text{dm}^3$  sealed container and allowed to react. At equilibrium it was found that the amount of carbon changed by 0,225 mol.

6.1 Define the term *dynamic equilibrium*. (2)

6.2 Calculate the equilibrium constant,  $K_c$ , for the reaction at  $1\ 000\ ^\circ\text{C}$ . (8)

6.3 The graph shows how the rates of the forward and reverse reactions change with time.



6.3.1 Give a reason why the rate of the forward reaction decreases between  $t_0$  and  $t_1$ . (1)

6.3.2 What change was made to the equilibrium mixture at  $t_3$ ? (1)

At time  $t_2$ , the temperature of the system is increased.

6.3.3 Is the forward reaction EXOTHERMIC or ENDOTHERMIC? (1)

6.3.4 Refer to Le Chatelier's principle to explain the answer to QUESTION 6.3.3. (2)

[15]

**QUESTION 7 (Start on a new page.)**

Two beakers, **A** and **B**, contain strong bases.

Beaker **A**: 500 cm<sup>3</sup> of barium hydroxide, Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>(aq) of unknown concentration **X**

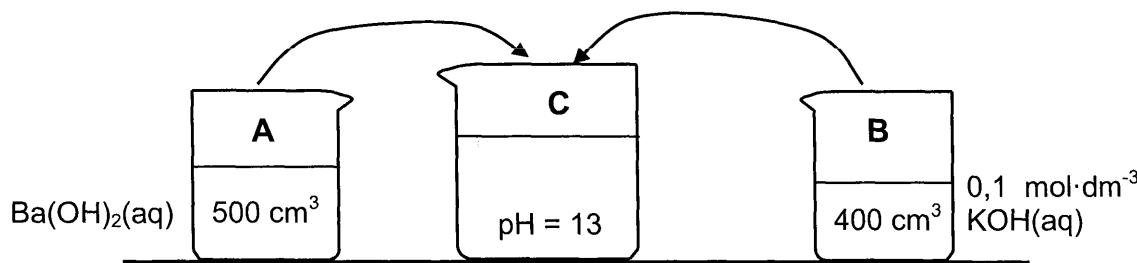
Beaker **B**: 400 cm<sup>3</sup> of potassium hydroxide, KOH(aq) of concentration 0,1 mol·dm<sup>-3</sup>

7.1 Define a *base* according to the Arrhenius theory. (2)

7.2 Calculate the number of moles of hydroxide ions (OH<sup>-</sup>) in beaker **B**. (2)

7.3 The contents of beakers **A** and **B** are added together in beaker **C**. The solution in beaker **C** has a pH of 13.

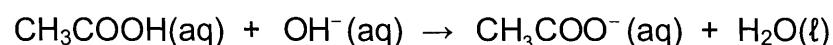
Assume that the volumes are additive and that the temperature of the solutions is 25 °C.



7.3.1 Calculate the concentration, **X**, of the Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> in beaker **A**. (8)

The solution in beaker **C** is titrated with ethanoic acid. It was found that 15 cm<sup>3</sup> of the solution neutralises 30 cm<sup>3</sup> of the acid.

The balanced equation for the reaction is:



7.3.2 Is ethanoic acid, CH<sub>3</sub>COOH(aq), a WEAK acid or a STRONG acid?

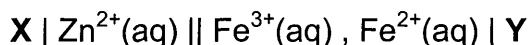
Give a reason for the answer. (2)

7.3.3 Calculate the concentration of the ethanoic acid. (4)

**[18]**

**QUESTION 8 (Start on a new page.)**

A galvanic cell at standard conditions is represented by the cell notation below. **X** and **Y** are unknown electrodes.



8.1 Write down the NAME or FORMULA of:

8.1.1 Electrode **X** (1)

8.1.2 Electrode **Y** (1)

8.1.3 The oxidising agent (1)

8.2 Write down:

8.2.1 ONE function of electrode **Y** (1)

8.2.2 The half-reaction that takes place at electrode **Y** (2)

8.2.3 The net (overall) equation for the cell reaction that takes place in this cell (3)

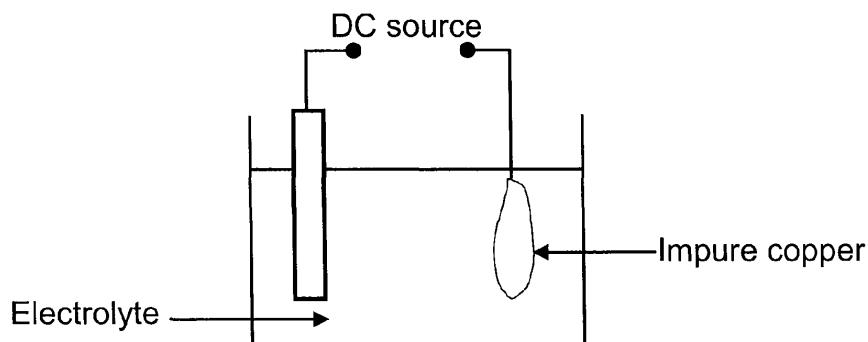
8.3 Calculate the initial emf of this cell. (4)

8.4 How will the initial emf of the cell be affected when the concentration of the iron(III) ions is changed to  $0,6 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{dm}^{-3}$ ? Choose from INCREASES, DECREASES or REMAINS THE SAME. (1)  
[14]



**QUESTION 9 (Start on a new page.)**

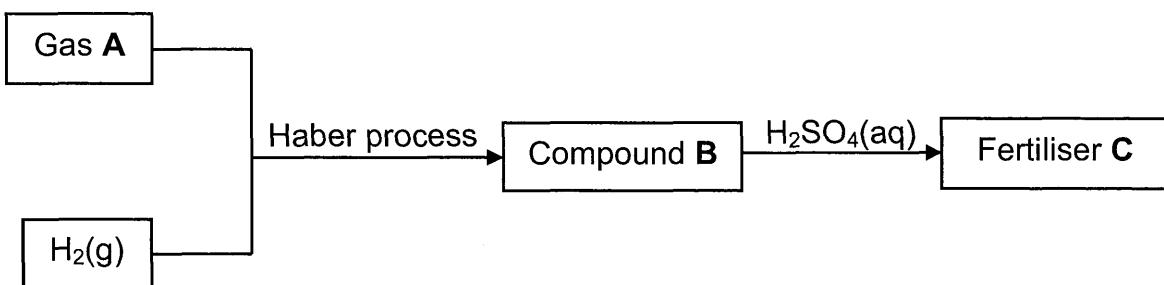
The simplified diagram below represents an electrochemical cell used for the purification of copper. The impure copper contains small amounts of silver (Ag) and zinc (Zn) as the only impurities.



- 9.1 Define the term *electrolysis*. (2)
- 9.2 Write down the NAME or FORMULA of TWO positive ions present in the electrolyte. (2)
- 9.3 Write down the half-reaction that takes place at the cathode. (2)
- 9.4 Refer to the Table of Standard Reduction Potentials and explain why the purified copper will NOT contain any zinc. (3)
- 9.5 Calculate the maximum mass of Cu formed if 0,6 moles of electrons are transferred. (3)  
[12]

**QUESTION 10 (Start on a new page.)**

10.1 The flow diagram below shows processes involved in the production of fertiliser C.



Write down the NAME or FORMULA of:

10.1.1 Gas A (1)

10.1.2 The catalyst used in the Haber process (1)

10.1.3 Compound B (1)

Write down the:

10.1.4 Name of the process used to produce gas A (1)

10.1.5 Balanced equation for the formation of fertiliser C (3)

10.2 A 40 kg bag of fertiliser contains 65% filler. The mass of the nutrients in the bag is shown in the table below.

NUTRIENTS	MASS (kg)
Nitrogen	x
Phosphorous	2x
Potassium	5

Calculate the NPK ratio of the fertiliser.

(3)  
[10]

**TOTAL: 150**

d



**DATA FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCES GRADE 12**  
**PAPER 2 (CHEMISTRY)**

**GEGEWENS VIR FISIESE WETENSKAPPE GRAAD 12**  
**VRAESTEL 2 (CHEMIE)**

**TABLE 1: PHYSICAL CONSTANTS/TABEL 1: FISIESE KONSTANTES**

NAME/NAAM	SYMBOL/SIMBOOL	VALUE/WAARDE
Standard pressure <i>Standaarddruk</i>	$p^\theta$	$1,013 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$
Molar gas volume at STP <i>Molêre gasvolume by STD</i>	$V_m$	$22,4 \text{ dm}^3 \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$
Standard temperature <i>Standaardtemperatuur</i>	$T^\theta$	273 K
Charge on electron <i>Lading op elektron</i>	$e$	$-1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Avogadro's constant <i>Avogadro-konstante</i>	$N_A$	$6,02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

**TABLE 2: FORMULAE/TABEL 2: FORMULES**

$n = \frac{m}{M}$	$n = \frac{N}{N_A}$
$c = \frac{n}{V}$ or/of $c = \frac{m}{MV}$	$n = \frac{V}{V_m}$
$\frac{c_a V_a}{c_b V_b} = \frac{n_a}{n_b}$	$\text{pH} = -\log[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]$
$K_w = [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+][\text{OH}^-] = 1 \times 10^{-14} \text{ at/by 298 K}$	
$E_{\text{cell}}^\theta = E_{\text{cathode}}^\theta - E_{\text{anode}}^\theta / E_{\text{sel}}^\theta = E_{\text{katode}}^\theta - E_{\text{anode}}^\theta$	
or/of	
$E_{\text{cell}}^\theta = E_{\text{reduction}}^\theta - E_{\text{oxidation}}^\theta / E_{\text{sel}}^\theta = E_{\text{reduksie}}^\theta - E_{\text{oksidasie}}^\theta$	
or/of	
$E_{\text{cell}}^\theta = E_{\text{oxidisingagent}}^\theta - E_{\text{reducingagent}}^\theta / E_{\text{sel}}^\theta = E_{\text{oksideermiddel}}^\theta - E_{\text{reduseermiddel}}^\theta$	

TABLE 3: THE PERIODIC TABLE OF ELEMENTS  
TABEL 3: DIE PERIODIEKE TABEL VAN ELEMENTE

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	(I)	(II)										(III)	(IV)	(V)	(VI)	(VII)	(VIII)
1	2,1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	H																
1,0	Li	3	4														
7				Be	1,5												
11						12											
0,9	Va	1,2	Mg	2,4													
23																	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
0,8	K	1,0	Ca	1,3	Sc	1,5	Ti	1,6	V	1,6	Cr	1,6	Mn	1,8	Fe	1,8	Ge
39																	
39	40	45	48	51	52	55	51	52	55	56	59	59	59	63,5	63,5	65	70
37																	
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	41	42	43	44	45	45	46	47	48	49	50
86																	
86	88	89	91	92	96	96	101	103	106	108	112	115	119	122	128	127	131
55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
0,7	S	0,9	Ba	1,6	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	1,8	Tl	1,8	Pb
33	137	139	179	181	184	186	190	192	195	197	201	204	207	209			
0,7	Fr	0,9	Ra	226	Ac												
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71				
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu				
140	141	144	150	152	157	159	163	165	167	169	173	175					
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103				
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr				
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TABLE 4A: STANDARD REDUCTION POTENTIALS  
TABEL 4A: STANDAARD-REDUKSIEPOTENSIALE

Half-reactions/Halreaksies	$E^\ominus$ (V)
$F_2(g) + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons 2F^-$	+ 2,87
$Co^{3+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons Co^{2+}$	+ 1,81
$H_2O_2 + 2H^+ + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons 2H_2O$	+ 1,77
$MnO_4^- + 8H^+ + 5e^- \rightleftharpoons Mn^{2+} + 4H_2O$	+ 1,51
$Cl_2(g) + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons 2Cl^-$	+ 1,36
$Cr_2O_7^{2-} + 14H^+ + 6e^- \rightleftharpoons 2Cr^{3+} + 7H_2O$	+ 1,33
$O_2(g) + 4H^+ + 4e^- \rightleftharpoons 2H_2O$	+ 1,23
$MnO_2 + 4H^+ + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Mn^{2+} + 2H_2O$	+ 1,23
$Pt^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Pt$	+ 1,20
$Br_2(l) + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons 2Br^-$	+ 1,07
$NO_3^- + 4H^+ + 3e^- \rightleftharpoons NO(g) + 2H_2O$	+ 0,96
$Hg^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Hg(l)$	+ 0,85
$Ag^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons Ag$	+ 0,80
$NO_3^- + 2H^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons NO_2(g) + H_2O$	+ 0,80
$Fe^{3+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons Fe^{2+}$	+ 0,77
$O_2(g) + 2H^+ + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons H_2O_2$	+ 0,68
$I_2 + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons 2I^-$	+ 0,54
$Cu^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons Cu$	+ 0,52
$SO_2 + 4H^+ + 4e^- \rightleftharpoons S + 2H_2O$	+ 0,45
$2H_2O + O_2 + 4e^- \rightleftharpoons 4OH^-$	+ 0,40
$Cu^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Cu$	+ 0,34
$SO_4^{2-} + 4H^+ + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons SO_2(g) + 2H_2O$	+ 0,17
$Cu^{2+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons Cu^+$	+ 0,16
$Sn^{4+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Sn^{2+}$	+ 0,15
$S + 2H^+ + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons H_2S(g)$	+ 0,14
$2H^+ + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons H_2(g)$	0,00
$Fe^{3+} + 3e^- \rightleftharpoons Fe$	- 0,06
$Pb^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Pb$	- 0,13
$Sn^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Sn$	- 0,14
$Ni^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Ni$	- 0,27
$Co^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Co$	- 0,28
$Cd^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Cd$	- 0,40
$Cr^{3+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons Cr^{2+}$	- 0,41
$Fe^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Fe$	- 0,44
$Cr^{3+} + 3e^- \rightleftharpoons Cr$	- 0,74
$Zn^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Zn$	- 0,76
$2H_2O + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons H_2(g) + 2OH^-$	- 0,83
$Cr^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Cr$	- 0,91
$Mn^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Mn$	- 1,18
$Al^{3+} + 3e^- \rightleftharpoons Al$	- 1,66
$Mg^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Mg$	- 2,36
$Na^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons Na$	- 2,71
$Ca^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Ca$	- 2,87
$Sr^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Sr$	- 2,89
$Ba^{2+} + 2e^- \rightleftharpoons Ba$	- 2,90
$Cs^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons Cs$	- 2,92
$K^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons K$	- 2,93
$Li^+ + e^- \rightleftharpoons Li$	- 3,05

Increasing oxidising ability/Toenemende oksiderende vermoë

Increasing reducing ability/Toenemende reducerende vermoë



**TABLE 4B: STANDARD REDUCTION POTENTIALS**  
**TABEL 4B: STANDAARD-REDUKSIEPOTENSIALE**

Increasing oxidising ability/Toenemende oksiderende vermoë

Increasing reducing ability/Toenemende reduserende vermoë

Half-reactions/Halfreaksies	$E^\theta$ (V)
$\text{Li}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Li}$	-3,05
$\text{K}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{K}$	-2,93
$\text{Cs}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cs}$	-2,92
$\text{Ba}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ba}$	-2,90
$\text{Sr}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sr}$	-2,89
$\text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ca}$	-2,87
$\text{Na}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}$	-2,71
$\text{Mg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mg}$	-2,36
$\text{Al}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Al}$	-1,66
$\text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}$	-1,18
$\text{Cr}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}$	-0,91
$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{OH}^-$	-0,83
$\text{Zn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Zn}$	-0,76
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}$	-0,74
$\text{Fe}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}$	-0,44
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}^{2+}$	-0,41
$\text{Cd}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cd}$	-0,40
$\text{Co}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Co}$	-0,28
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni}$	-0,27
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}$	-0,14
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}$	-0,13
$\text{Fe}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}$	-0,06
$2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(\text{g})$	0,00
$\text{S} + 2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{S}(\text{g})$	+0,14
$\text{Sn}^{4+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+}$	+0,15
$\text{Cu}^{2+} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}^+$	+0,16
$\text{SO}_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+0,17
$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}$	+0,34
$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2 + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 4\text{OH}^-$	+0,40
$\text{SO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{S} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+0,45
$\text{Cu}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}$	+0,52
$\text{I}_2 + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{I}^-$	+0,54
$\text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$	+0,68
$\text{Fe}^{3+} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}^{2+}$	+0,77
$\text{NO}_3^- + 2\text{H}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	+0,80
$\text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag}$	+0,80
$\text{Hg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Hg}(\ell)$	+0,85
$\text{NO}_3^- + 4\text{H}^+ + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NO}(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+0,96
$\text{Br}_2(\ell) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Br}^-$	+1,07
$\text{Pt}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pt}$	+1,20
$\text{MnO}_2 + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1,23
$\text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1,23
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} + 14\text{H}^+ + 6\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cr}^{3+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1,33
$\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cl}^-$	+1,36
$\text{MnO}_4^- + 8\text{H}^+ + 5\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Mn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1,51
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + 2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1,77
$\text{Co}^{3+} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Co}^{2+}$	+1,81
$\text{F}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{F}^-$	+2,87





# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

## ERRATA/ERRATUM

### NSC EXAMINATIONS: Preparatory Examinations 2021 NSS-EKSAMEN: Voorbereidende Eksamens 2021

SUBJECT/VAK:	PHYSICAL SCIENCES/FISIESE WETENSKAPPE
PAPER/VRAESTEL:	2
DATE OF EXAMINATION:	Monday 20 September 2021
DATUM VAN EKSAMEN:	Maandag 20 September 2021
SESSION/SESSIE:	1 (09:00–12:00)

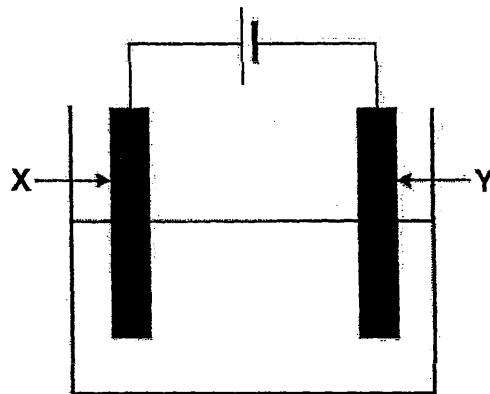
ATTENTION/AANDAG: CHIEF INVIGILATOR/HOOFTOESEGHOUER

#### ENGLISH VERSION:

##### ERROR 1

Page	QUESTION	ERROR	CORRECTION
5	1.10	Incorrect question	Replace with the question below.

1.10 The electrolytic cell illustrated below is used to electroplate a nickel rod with copper.



Which ONE of the following is the correct representation of a suitable electrolyte and the nickel rod that should be used in the above cell to obtain the expected results?

	ELECTROLYTE	NICKEL ROD
A	$\text{NiSO}_4\text{(aq)}$	X
B	$\text{CuSO}_4\text{(aq)}$	X
C	$\text{NiSO}_4\text{(aq)}$	Y
D	$\text{CuSO}_4\text{(aq)}$	Y

(2)

**ERROR 2**

Page	QUESTION	ERROR	CORRECTION
15	10	Incorrect QUESTION 10	Replace QUESTION 10 with the entire question below.

**QUESTION 10 (Start on a new page.)**

Consider the Table of Standard Reduction Potentials below.

Half-reactions	$E^\ominus$ (V)
$\text{Cr}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}$	-0,91
$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{OH}^-$	-0,83
$\text{Zn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Zn}$	-0,76
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}$	-0,74
$\text{Fe}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Fe}$	-0,44
$\text{Cr}^{3+} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cr}^{2+}$	-0,41
$\text{Sn}^{4+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+}$	+0,15
$\text{Cu}^{2+} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}^+$	+0,16
$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}$	+0,34
$2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2 + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 4\text{OH}^-$	+0,40
$\text{Cu}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cu}$	+0,52
$\text{Ag}^+ + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Ag}$	+0,80
$\text{O}_2(\text{g}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	+1,23
$\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Cl}^-$	+1,36

10.1 Define the term *reducing agent* in terms of electron transfer. (2)

10.2 From the above Table of Standard Reduction Potentials, write down the:

- 10.2.1 NAME or FORMULA of the strongest reducing agent (1)
- 10.2.2 Oxidation half-reaction with the lowest oxidation potential (2)
- 10.2.3 Reduction potential of the half-reaction in which  $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{aq})$  acts as reducing agent (1)

10.3 A learner pours a copper(II) sulphate solution into a zinc container.

- 10.3.1 Is a zinc container suitable to store a copper(II) sulphate solution? Choose from YES or NO. (1)
- 10.3.2 Explain the answer to QUESTION 10.3.1 by referring to the above table. (3)

[10]